### Civil War 1861-1865

Munroe Falls Historical Society and Museum 83 Munroe Falls Avenue Munroe Falls, Ohio 44262

#### Ohio's Involvement in the Civil War

- Ohio provided troops, officers, and supplies to the Union Army.
- Ohio played an important role in the Underground Railroad prior to the Civil War, and continued to provide help for escaped and runaway slaves during the war.
- Politically, Ohio was divided. It had many strong Republican politicians and in Southern Ohio the Peace Democrats openly opposed Lincoln's policies.

#### Ohio's role in the Union

- Ohio raised nearly 320,000 soldiers for the Union army, third behind only New York, and Pennsylvania.
- Ohio provided several strong generals:
  - Ulysses S. Grant
  - William T. Sherman
  - Philip H. Sheridan



Grant



Sherman



Sheridan

#### Leaders of the Civil War

 Five Ohio-born Civil War officers would later serve as President of the United States!

 In addition to Ulysses S. Grant and James A. Garfield, three other Ohio Civil War veterans would become President of the United States: William McKinley, Rutherford B. Hayes, and Benjamin Harrison.

# Ohio's Civil War Generals:



Lt. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant



Maj. Gen. William T. Sherman



Maj. Gen. Philip H. Sheridan



Sec. of War Edwin M. Stanton



Maj. Gen. Rutherford B. Hayes



Maj. Gen. William S. Rosecrans



Maj. Gen. George A. Custer



Rep.
Clement Vallandigham



Sec. of Treasury/Chief
Justice
Salmon P. Chase



Maj. Gen. James B. McPherson



Maj. Gen. Jacob D. Cox



Maj. Gen. James A. Garfield



Maj. Gen. Don Carlos Buell



Maj. Gen. George Crook



Maj. Gen. Alexander M. McCook



Rep.
John A. Bingham

### No Major Battles Fought in Ohio

- Ohio troops fought in nearly every major campaign during the war, but Ohio had no major battles during the war.
- Nearly 7,000 Ohio soldiers were killed in action.
- Ohio's most significant Civil War site is Sandusky Bay on Lake Erie which housed the Johnson Island where barracks and outbuildings were used as a prisoner of war depot.
- Over three years more than 15,000 Confederate men were held on Johnson island. There is also a Confederate Cemetery there for 300 men.

# President Lincoln Had Great Confidence in Ohio Soldiers

President Lincoln had a habit on the eve of a battle of asking how many Ohio men would participate. When someone inquired why, Lincoln remarked, "Because I know that if there are many Ohio soldiers to be engaged, it is probable we will win the battle, for they can be relied upon in such an emergency."

### Let's Look At Uniforms!

# **Uniforms** and clothing worn by Union and Confederate Soldiers During the **Civil War**

The two sides are often referred to by the color of their official **uniforms**,

blue for the Union (North) gray for the Confederates (South)

Local militia units that had their own **uniforms and** wore them as they came to join the Union or Confederate armies.

#### **UNIFORMS**

#### **UNION**

Regular U.S. Army troops wore their traditional dark blue trousers, jackets and kepi caps.

Some groups, influenced by French Zouaves of North Africa, wore baggy trousers—usually bright red or striped—and fez hats or turbans or special units had their own uniforms—like the green uniforms of Hiram Berdan's Union sharpshooters.









#### **UNIFORMS**

#### **CONFEDERATES**

- Volunteers were issued dark blue jackets and kepis but with light blue trousers.
- Confederate uniforms were gray kepi, jacket and trousers. As these weathered and faded, they took on a light brownish appearance, which gave rise to the nickname "Butternuts" for Southern soldiers. "



**Butternut** 

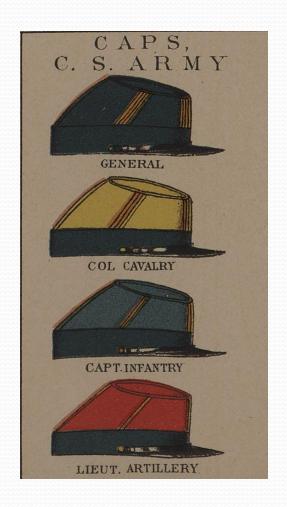
#### Hats and Pants

# Color and Striping adds meaning

• On both sides, artillerymen had red kepis, shell jackets with red trim and, depending on rank, a red trim on their pants legs. Cavalry riders had a yellow trim on their pants and yellow trim on jackets.







# US Flag vs Confederate Flag



#### LET'S LOOK AT WEAPONS

With thanks to:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_weapons\_in\_the\_ American\_Civil\_War

# MANY WEAPONS WERE USED IN THE CIVIL WAR

- Knives
- Swords and Sabers
- Artillery (cannons)
- •Firearms
  - •Rifles
  - Pistols
  - Muskets
  - Automatic weapons
  - •Many volunteers carried pocket pistols as backup



## Handguns

Adams Revolver

Beaumont-Adams

Colt Army Model 1860

Colt M1861 Navy

Colt 1851 Navy Revolver

Colt Police

Colt Root

Colt Pocket

Colt Dragoon Revolver

Colt Walker

Colt Paterson

Moore's belt revolver

Remington Model 1858

Smith & Wesson Model 1

Smith & Wesson Model No. 2 Army

Starr revolver

Savage 1861 Navy

Tranter revolver

Kerrs Patent Revolver

LeMat Revolver

Lefaucheux M1858

**Butterfield Revolver** 

Spiller & Burr revolver

Walch Revolver

Walch Revolver

Elgin Cutlass pistol

Volcanic Pistol

Wesson and Leavitt Dragoon Revolver

Whitney Revolver

#### Rifles

Springfield Model 1863

Pattern 1853 Enfield

Pattern 1861 Enfield Musketoon

Lorenz Rifle

M1841 Mississippi Rifle

Springfield Model 1812

Springfield Model 1816

Springfield Model 1847 Musketoon

Springfield Model 1855

Fayetteville rifle

Springfield Model 1861

Richmond Rifle

Whitworth rifle

Sharps rifle
Frank Wesson rifle
Colt revolving rifle
Sharps & Hankins Carbine
Volcanic Carbine
Joslyn rifle
M1817 Common rifle
Maynard carbine
Merrill carbine
Jenks <i>Mule ear</i> Carbine

Burnside carbine
Tarpley carbine
Smith carbine
Henry rifle
Spencer repeating rifle
/1819 Hall rifle
Gallager carbine

### Rapid Fire Weapons

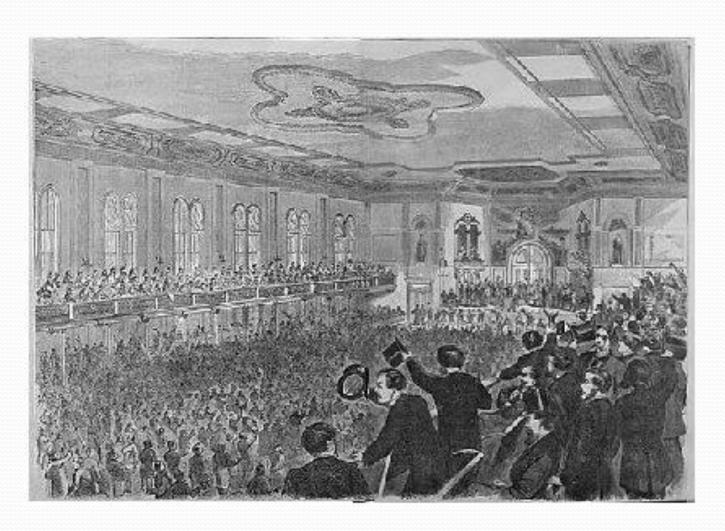
- Similar weapons included J.D. Mill's Coffee Mill Gun. Like the Gatling Gun, the cartridges of Mill's invention were fed by a hand crank, and this is why some people believe that President Lincoln called it "The Coffee Grinder Gun".
- Other infantry support weapons included the .58 caliber Agar gun with a hopper on top and steel guard, and the Billinghurst Requa Battery which had eight banks of cartridge chambers that were rotated into alignment behind the row of 25 barrels.<sup>[</sup>
- The Confederate used the hand-cranked single barrel Williams gun and the Vandenburgh volley gun.

#### Timeline of the US Civil War

- With thanks to:
  - https://www.nps.gov/gett/learn/historyculture/civil-wartimeline.htm

#### Timeline of the Civil War 1860

- November 6, 1860- Abraham Lincoln is elected sixteenth president of the United States, the first Republican president in the nation who represents a party that opposes the spread of slavery in the territories of the United States.
- **December 17, 1860** The first Secession Convention meets in Columbia, South Carolina.
- December 20, 1860- South Carolina secedes from the Union.



South Carolina votes to secede from the Union.

# Timeline: January-April 1861

- January 1861 Six additional southern states secede from the Union.
- **February 8-9**, **1861** The southern states that seceded create a government at Montgomery, Alabama, and the **Confederate States of America are formed.**
- February 18, 1861- Jefferson Davis is appointed the first President of the Confederate States of America at Montgomery, Alabama, a position he will hold until elections can be arranged.
- March 4, 1861- Abraham Lincoln is inaugurated as the sixteenth president of the United States in Washington, DC.
- **April 12, 1861-** Southern forces fire upon Fort Sumter, South Carolina. **The Civil War has formally begun**.



On April 12, 1861, artillery fired the first shots of the U.S. Civil War on Fort Sumter, a Federal stronghold at the mouth of the Charleston Harbor.

# Timeline: April-June 1861

- April 15, 1861- President Lincoln issues a public declaration that an insurrection exists and calls for 75,000 militia to stop the rebellion. As a result of this call for volunteers, four additional southern states secede from the Union in the following weeks. Lincoln will respond on May 3 with an additional call for 43,000+ volunteers to serve for three years, expanding the size of the Regular Army.
- May 24, 1861- Union forces cross the Potomac River and occupy Arlington Heights, the home of future Confederate General Robert E. Lee.
- June 3, 1861- A skirmish near Philippi in western Virginia, is the first clash of Union and Confederate forces in the east.

# Timeline: June-July 1861

- June 20, 1861-At the culmination of the Wheeling Convention, the region that composed the northwestern counties of Virginia broke away from that state to form West Virginia.
- July 21, 1861- The Battle of Bull Run is fought near Manassas, Virginia. The Union Army succeeds in driving back Confederate forces, but the arrival of troops under General Joseph E. Johnston imitates a series of reverses that sends McDowell's army in a panicked retreat to the defenses of Washington. It is here that Thomas Jonathan Jackson, a professor at VMI, will receive everlasting fame as "Stonewall" Jackson.
- **July 1861-**To stop the Confederate threat in northern Virginia, a series of forts and earthworks are built around the City of Washington.

## Timeline: August-October 1861

- August 28-29, 1861- Fort Hatteras at Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, falls to Union naval forces. This begins the first Union efforts to close southern ports along the Carolina coast.
- **September 20, 1861-** Lexington, Missouri falls to Confederate forces under Sterling Price.
- October 21, 1861- Battle of Ball's Bluff, Virginia. Troops led across the Potomac River only to be forced back to the river's edge. Many soldiers drowned while trying to re-cross the icy waters of the Potomac River.

# Timeline: February-April 1862

- **February 16, 1862-** Surrender for Fort Donelson, Tennessee, left the river in Union hands. It was here that Union General Ulysses S. Grant gained his nickname "Unconditional Surrender".
- February 22, 1862- Jefferson Davis is inaugurated as President of the Confederate States of America.
- **April 24-25**, **1862** On April 25, the Union ships arrived at New Orleans where they demanded the surrender of the city. Within two days the forts fall into Union hands and the mouth of the great river is under Union control.

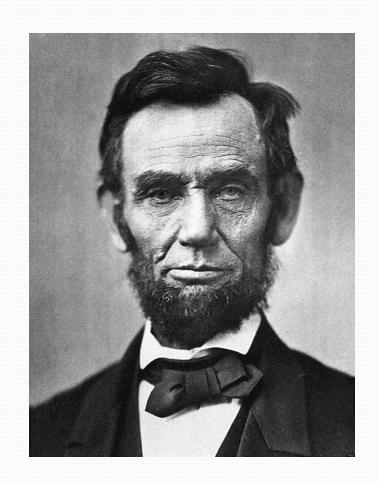
# Timeline: May-June 1862

- May 25, 1862- General "Stonewall" Jackson attacks Union forces at Winchester and successfully drives them from the city. The victory is the culmination of his 1862 Valley Campaign.
- June 6, 1862- Battle of Memphis, Tennessee. The Mississippi River is now in Union control except for its course west of Mississippi where the city of Vicksburg stands as the last southern stronghold on the great river.
- June 25-July 1, 1862- General Lee's army attacks the "Army of the Potomac" under General George McClellan in a succession of battles beginning at Mechanicsville on June 26 and ending at Malvern Hill on July 1.

#### Timeline: August-December 1862

- August 30-31, 1862- The Battle of Second Bull Run is fought on the same ground where one year before, the Union army was defeated. The result of this battle is also a Union defeat.
- September 17, 1862-Battle of Antietam in Maryland was the bloodiest single day of the Civil War. The result of the battle ends General Lee's first invasion of the North. Following the Union victory, President Lincoln will introduce the Emancipation Proclamation, an executive order that freed every slave in the Confederate States.
- December 13, 1862- Battle of Fredericksburg, Virginia. The Army of the Potomac, under General Ambrose Burnside, is soundly defeated by Lee's forces after a risky river crossing and sacking of the city.

In 1862, President Lincoln introduces the Emancipation Proclamation, an executive order that freed every slave in the Confederate States



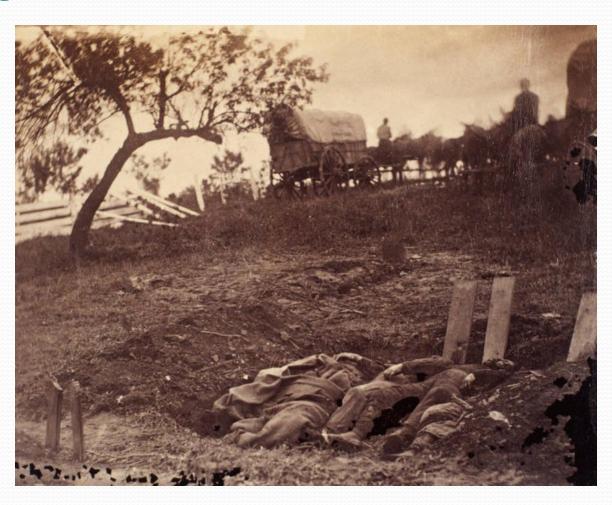
# Timeline: January-May 1863

- January 1, 1863- The Emancipation Proclamation goes into effect.
- April 1863- Union forces in the east begin a new campaign in Virginia to flank Lee's Army of Northern Virginia at Fredericksburg. In the west, a Union army has begun a campaign to surround and take Vicksburg, Mississippi, the last Confederate stronghold on the Mississippi River.
- May 1-4, 1863- Battle of Chancellorsville, Virginia. Mortal wounding of "Stonewall" Jackson, who dies on May 10. Lee asks Jefferson Davis for permission to invade the North and take the war out of Virginia.
- May 18, 1863- Siege of Vicksburg, Mississippi. Union forces under General Ulysses S. Grant attack Confederate defenses outside the city on May 19-22. If Vicksburg falls, the Mississippi River will be completely controlled by the Union.

# Timeline: July 1863

- July 1-3- The Battle of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. The bloodiest battle of the Civil War dashes Robert E. Lee's hopes for a successful invasion of the North.
- July 4- Vicksburg, Mississippi surrenders to the Union Army under Grant. The capture of Vicksburg gives the Union complete control of the Mississippi River, a vital supply line for the Confederate states in the west. At Gettysburg, Lee begins his retreat to Virginia.
- July 10-11, 1863- Union naval and land forces attack Confederate defenses near Charleston, South Carolina. Among the Union troops is the 54<sup>th</sup> Massachusetts Colored Infantry, the first African American regiment of volunteers to see combat.

# About 8,000 die at Gettysburg Battle



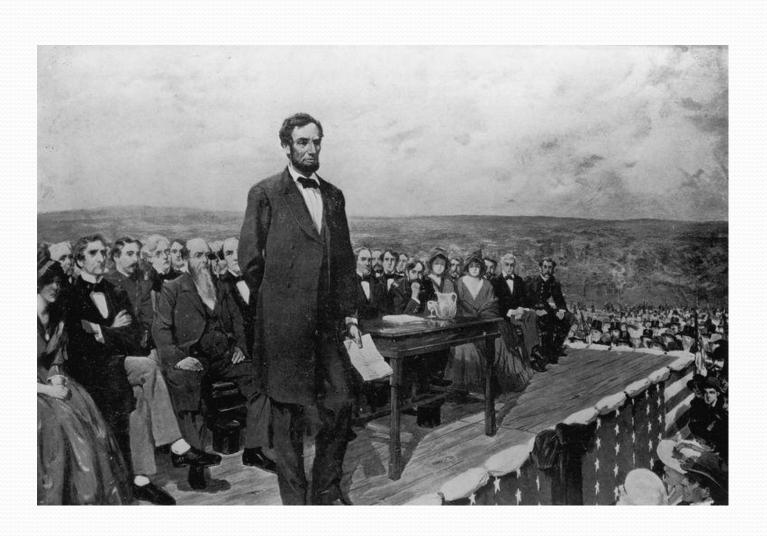
### Timeline: September-October 1863

- **September –November 1863** Siege of Chattanooga, Tennessee: Confederate forces surround the occupied city. General Ulysses S. Grant is assigned to command the troops there and begins immediate plans to relieve the besieged Union army.
- October 5, 1863- Outside of Charleston Harbor, the Confederate *David*, a partially submerged, steam powered vessel, attacked the *New Ironsides*, part of the Union fleet blockading the harbor, with a torpedo. Both ships survived the attack.
- October 9 -22, 1863- Bristoe Station Campaign. Lee's Army of the Northern Virginia marches into northern Virginia in an attempt to flank the Army of the Potomac, under General Meade. Lee successfully outmaneuvers Meade though fails to bring him to battle or catch him in the open.

#### Timeline: Nov.-Dec. 1863

- November 19, 1863- Dedication of the Soldiers' National Cemetery at Gettysburg. President Abraham Lincoln delivers the Gettysburg Address.
- November 23-25, 1863- Battle for Chattanooga: Union forces break the Confederate siege of the city in successive attacks.
- November 26-December 1, 1863- The Mine Run Campaign. Meade's Army of the Potomac marches against Lee's Army of Northern Virginia south of the Rapidan River, east of Orange Court House. After several days of probing the defenses, Meade withdraws north of the Rapidan and goes into winter quarters.
- November 27 to December 3, 1863- Siege of Knoxville, Tennessee. Confederate troops lay siege to the city of Knoxville held by Union forces under General Ambrose Burnside. Longstreet finally attacks on November 30 but is repulsed with heavy losses. The arrival of Union reinforcements forces him to withdraw to Greeneville, Tennessee, where his corps will spend the winter.
- December 8, 1863- Lincoln Issues his Proclamation of Amnesty and Reconstruction, which would pardon those who participated in the "existing rebellion" if they take an oath to the Union.

## Lincoln delivers Gettysburg Address to honor those who died



### Timeline: May-June 1864

- May 7, 1864- With three Union armies under his command, General William T. Sherman marched south from Tennessee into Georgia against the Confederate Army--the objective being the city of Atlanta.
- June 1-3, 1864- Battle of Cold Harbor, Virginia: Relentless and bloody Union attacks fail to dislodge Lee's army from its strong line of defensive works northeast of Richmond.
- June 8, 1864- Abraham Lincoln is nominated by his party for a second term as president.

### Timeline: July 1864

- July 17, 1864- General John Bell Hood replaces General Joseph Johnston, a new Confederate strategy to thwart Sherman's campaign, though the end result will be disastrous for the southern cause.
- July 20, 1864- Battle of Peachtree Creek, Georgia, the first major battle around the city of Atlanta. General Hood sends his army out of the city's defenses to attack the approaching Federal troops under George Thomas. After several hours of fierce fighting, Hood withdrew back to his own defensive works.
- July 21, 1864- The Battle of Atlanta. Hood's second effort to throw back Union forces under Sherman brings him heavy casualties with no positive results.

### The Battle of Atlanta



Collection of Ed Jackson

### Timeline: August-Sept. 1864

- August 31- September 1, 1864- Battle of Jonesborough, Georgia. The final southern counterattack against Union troops outside the city of Atlanta fails.
- **September 1, 1864- Fall of Atlanta**, Georgia. Confederate troops under General Hood evacuate the city of Atlanta. General Sherman's army occupies the city and its defenses the following day.
- **September 22**, **1864** Battle of Fisher's Hill, Virginia. The Union Army of the Shenandoah Confederates near Fisher's Hill, overpowering the southerners and again forcing them to flee the battlefield. Union officers and officials in Washington believe this to be the final battle in the Shenandoah Valley.
- **September 29-30**, **1864** Battle of Fort Harrison near Richmond, Virginia. In a sweeping assault, the Confederate stronghold known as Fort Harrison falls to the Army of the James. Confederate efforts to retake the fort fail.

### Timeline: Nov-Dec. 1864

- November 8, 1864- Abraham Lincoln is reelected President of the United States.
- November 16, 1864- General Sherman's Army of Georgia begins the "March to the Sea"
- November 30, 1864- Battle of Franklin, Tennessee. After a month of raiding Sherman's supply lines and attacking Union outposts, John Bell Hood's army confronts Union troops. A massive frontal assault on the well entrenched Federal line meets with disaster. The toll for Hood's forces is too heavy including the loss of six of his generals. Union troops retreat in the direction of Nashville.
- **December 10**, **1864** Harassed only by scattered Georgia militia, **Sherman's Army of Georgia arrives at Savannah**, Georgia, completing the famous "March to the Sea". At Savannah, his troops will take Fort McAllister and force Confederate defenders to evacuate the city.
- **December 15-16, 1864-** The Battle of Nashville, Tennessee. The Confederate Army under John Bell Hood is thoroughly defeated and the threat to Tennessee ends.

### Timeline: February-March 1865

- **February 1, 1865** Sherman's Army leaves Savannah to march through the Carolinas.
- **February 17, 1865** Sherman's Army captures Columbia, South Carolina while Confederate defenders evacuate Charleston, South Carolina.
- **February 22, 1865** Wilmington, NC, falls to Union troops, closing the last important southern port on the east coast.
- March 4, 1865- President Abraham Lincoln is inaugurated for his second term as president in Washington, DC.
- March 11, 1865- Sherman's Army occupies Fayetteville, North Carolina.
- March 16 and 19-21, 1865- Sherman's army is stalled in its drive northward from Fayetteville but succeeds in passing around the Confederate forces toward its object of Raleigh.
- March 25, 1865- Attack on Fort Stedman, Petersburg, Virginia, "Lee's last offensive". By day's end, the southerners have been thrown out and the lines remain unchanged.

## General Ulysses S. Grant



### Timeline: February-March 1864

- **February 27**, **1864-** In Georgia, Camp Sumter Prison Camp (**Andersonville Prison Camp**) opens and is known for overcrowding and high death rate.
- **February 14-20, 1864** Union Capture and Occupation of Meridian, Mississippi. The capture of this town, well known for its industry and storage capabilities, severely hampers the efforts of Confederate commanders to sustain their troops.
- March 2, 1864- Ulysses S. Grant is appointed lieutenant general, a rank revived at the request of President Lincoln. Grant assumes command of all Union Armies in the field the following day.
- March 10, 1864- The Red River Campaign begins. As part of an overall Union strategy to strike deep into various parts of the Confederacy with a combined force of army and navy.

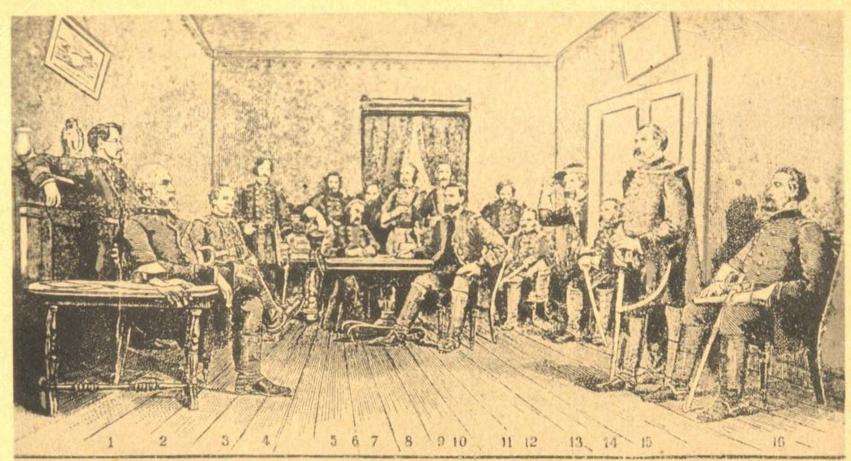
### Andersonville Prison Camp



Prisoners at Andersonville.

### Timeline: April 1865

- April 2, 1865- The Fall of Petersburg and Richmond. General Lee abandons both cities and moves his army west in hopes of joining Confederate forces under General Johnston in North Carolina.
- April 3, 1865- Union troops occupy Richmond and Petersburg, Virginia.
- **April 6, 1865** The Battle of Sailor's Creek, Virginia. A portion of Lee's Army- almost one-third of it- is cornered and annihilated.
- April 9, 1865- Battle of Appomattox Court House and Surrender. After an early morning attempt to break through Union forces blocking the route west to Danville, Virginia, Lee seeks an audience with General Grant to discuss terms. That afternoon in the parlor of Wilmer McLean, Lee signs the document of surrender. On April 12, the Army of Northern Virginia formally surrenders and is disbanded.
- April 14, 1865- President Abraham Lincoln is assassinated by actor John Wilkes Booth at Ford's Theatre in Washington, DC. On the same day, Fort Sumter, South Carolina is re-occupied by Union troops.
- April 26, 1865- General Joseph Johnston signs the surrender document for the Confederate Army of the Tennessee and miscellaneous southern troops attached to his command at Bennett's Place near Durham, North Carolina.

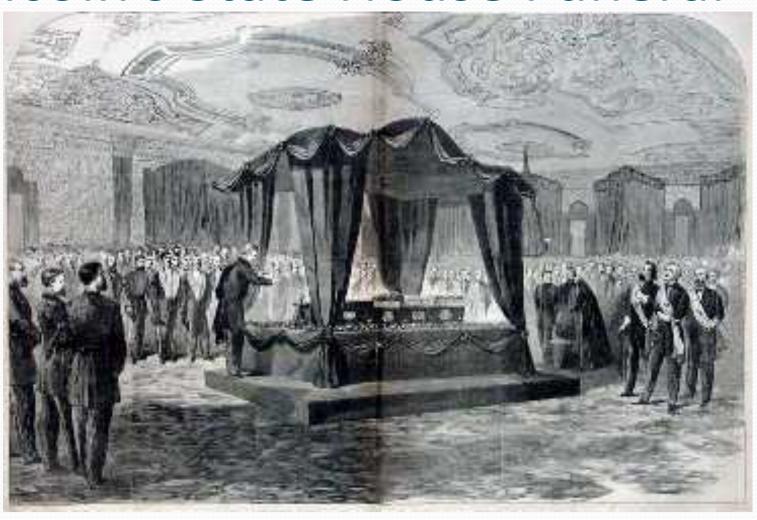


- 1. Col. Charles Marshall.
- 2. Gen. R. E. Lee.
- 3. Maj.-Gen. Seth Williams. 4. Maj.-Gen. E. O. C. Ord.
- 5. Brig. Gen. J. A. Rawlins. 6. Col. Ely S. Parker.
- 7. Maj.-Gen. R. Ingalls.
- 8. Col H. Porter.

- 9. Col. Fred T. Dent. 10. Gen. U. S. Grant.
- 11. Col. Orville E. Babcock. 15. Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan. 12. Col. Adam Badeau.
- 13. Gen. Geo. A. Custer.
- 14. Maj. Gen. J. C. Barbard

  - 16. Col. T. S. Bowers.

### Lincoln's State House Funeral



### Timeline: May-June 1865

- May 4, 1865- General Richard Taylor surrenders Confederate forces in the Department of Alabama, Mississippi and East Louisiana.
- May 10, 1865- Confederate President Jefferson Davis is captured near Irwinville, Georgia.
- May 12, 1865- The final battle of the Civil War takes place at Palmito Ranch, Texas. It is a Confederate victory.
- May 23, 1865- The Grand Review of the Army of the Potomac in Washington, DC
- May 24, 1865- The Grand Review of General Sherman's Army in Washington, DC
- May 26, 1865- General Simon Bolivar Buckner enters into terms for surrender of the Army of the Trans-Mississippi, which are agreed to on June 2, 1865. The Civil War officially ends.

## Statistics for Stow Township Civil War Soldiers

• Killed in battle	1%
• Died, various causes	17%
• Died in rebel prisons	2%
• Deserted	2%
• Discharged because of disability	10%
• Not married at time of enlistment	19%
• Still in service at end of war	12%

Aggregate amount of voluntary service done in war: 181 years!

# ROLL OF STOW TOWNSHIP ENLISTED MEN IN THE CIVIL WAR

# CIVIL WAR: STOW TOWNSHIP (including Munroe Falls) Enlistees

- Bailey, Frank D.; Enlisted 8-13-1864, in 177<sup>th</sup> O.V.I. and was honorably discharged 7-6-1865.
- Bailey, George W. Enlisted Aug. 1862, Co. O, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I. The latter part of his term was detailed on Engineer Corps, which saved him from prison life and the Sultana Disaster, a fate most of his company experienced. Discharged July 5, 1865.
- Beckley, Charles. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1864, in 177<sup>th</sup> O.V.I. Fought in one battle and was discharged July 7, 1865.
- **Boon, Benjamin**; Enlisted Oct. 1861; In Battery D, 1<sup>st</sup> O.L.A. **Died.** Reported to have been killed by guerillas-time unknown.
- Bradley, Samuel; Enlisted Aug, 1862, died at Camp Dennison, Oct. 1862.
- Buchanan, Charles. In first 3 mos. Service. Enrolled in 9<sup>th</sup> O.I.B, Feb. '64,. Never hospitalized or hungry; Discharged July 25,'65.
- Bucklin, B.F. Enlisted Aug. 1861, 24 O.V.C. as musician. Discharged with band, Aug. 1862.
- Burdick, William. Enlisted fall, 1861; Informed he served three years in Calvary.
- Castle, Embury, Enrolled Feb. '63; Co. 1, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I., Confined 4 months in prisons at Meridian and Andersonville. Discharged June '65.
- Castle, John. Enlisted Fall '61; in 9<sup>th</sup> O.I.B., Discharged for physical disability after 1 yr. 2 mo. service.
- Castle, Theodore, Enlisted Dec. 23, '63, 128<sup>th</sup> .. O.V.I. Stationed at Johnson Island doing guard duty. Discharged July '65.

- 'Cedar, Henry. Enlisted Jun 1 '64, Co. B 29<sup>th</sup> Reg.O.V.I., Taken prisoner in March '64; confined 3 months. Discharged July 1 '65.
- Chamberlin, J. W. Enlisted Aug '62, Co. C, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I., First 18 months doing guard and garrison duty, then detailed on Engineer Corpss, thus escaping disease from the prisons; Discharge July, '65.
- Champney, Oscar, Enlisted April '61; 7<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; am informed he subsequently re-enlisted and was discharged after 4 years and 3 months.
- Chapman, Seely H. Enlisted Dec. 29 '63; Co. A, 1st Reg. O.I.A.; participated in 10-12 battles including the siege of Atlanta. Discharged July 31st, 1865; (Had served 10 months previous to this in 42nd Reg.)
- Clapp, Asa. Enlisted and served through the first three months of service.
- Cochran, Norman. Enlisted Sept. 10, 1861 in Co. D, 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I; re-enlisted Dec. 10, 1863 ;attended Gen. Sherman to his grand and triumphant "March to the Sea; in 7 battles; slightly wounded twice; was unfit for duty. Discharged July 13, '65.
- Cole, A. H. Enlisted Aug. '64, 177<sup>th</sup> Reg.O.V.I. Discharged July 6, '65. (He served as a lieutenant of a battery previous to this—from Portage County.)
- Corey, Alex; Enlisted fall of '62. Unable to get further report.
- Curliss, A.B. Enlisted in May '62 for 3 months 84th Reg. Discharged with regiment after 3 months' service.
- Curtis, E.T. Enrolled Aug '62; in Co. G 29th, Reg . O.V.I.; commissioned as 2<sup>nd</sup> lieutenant Oct '62; soon after took command of the Pioneer Corps. For a time had command of the Engineer and also the Ambulance Corps. Came home as veteran Jun.'64. Upon returning to his command he was injured on cars, which rendered him unfit for duty for a number of months. Soon after commissioned 2<sup>nd</sup> Lieutenant and Superintendent of the hospital in Nashville. Was holding a Captain's commission when discharged July, '65.

- Dailey, James. Enlisted Aug '62, Co. C, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; 4 months unfit for duty. Discharged July '65.
- Darrow, James M., Enlisted Aug. '62, Co. C 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; Taken prisoner Dec. '64; confined 4 months at Meridian and Andersonville; onboard the Sultana at the explosion April 27, '65; Discharged May 20 '65.
- Darrow, Norman. Enlisted Aug. '62; Died in Camp Chase, Oct. '62.
- Davis, Frank A. enlisted Aug '62, Co G, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I., Member of Regimental Band. Discharged June '65.
- Eaves, Albert. In the 84<sup>th</sup> Reg., summer of '62-a 3 month Reg.; E listed Feb 29, '64 in 9<sup>th</sup> O.I.B. Discharged July '65.
- Gaylord, Leonard E.; enlisted Spt. 10 '61; Co. D, 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; taken prisoner Aug 9 '62 at Cedar Mountain; confined at Belle Isle one month; exchanged Jan 1 '63; re-enlisted Dec 10'63, attended Gen. Sherman in his "March to the Sea", participated in 15 battles. Discharge July 13, '65.
- **Gaylord, Robert.** Enlisted Aug '62, Co. C, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.. Taken prisoner Dec. '64; confined in meridian and Andersonville prison 4 months; sick 6 or 8 months; **Died** on the Sultana, April 27, '65.
- **Gaylord, Samuel**. In the first 3 months service; enlisted Sept. '61 in Co. D, 1st O.I.A. **Died** of consumption in Louisville ,KY, in spring of '62.
- Gaylord, Sylvester. Enlisted May '61; in Ravenna Culler service; served one year. Enlisted in Navy, May, '63, 'from which he was discharged June '65.
- Gaylord, William. Enlisted Sept. 10, '61, Co. D, 1st O.I.A.; soon after was sick, unfit for duty 3-4 months; for 18 months was attached to the Flying Artillery. Re-enlisted Dec. '63; engaged in 53 battles and had many narrow escapes. Discharged July, '65.

- Gridley, Charles; Enlisted in Oct '62, in 6<sup>th</sup> O.V.C.; was in a number of battles, among them the battle of Gettysburg; off duty 6-8 months from sickness. Discharged July '65.
- Grinnell, Hannibal. In the first 3 months service. Enlisted Sept. '61 in 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. OVI; commissioned 2<sup>nd</sup> Lieutenant. Discharged for physical disability in summer of '63.
- Hazzard, William; Enlisted Oct. 18, '61, Co. F 42<sup>nd</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; His soldier life has been somewhat obscure; cannot say that he has been honorably discharged; faithful time probably about 8-10 months.
- Hewitt, Albert R.; Enlisted Aug 27 '64; 177<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; was in one battle. Discharged July 7 '65.
- Hoover, Thomas; Enlisted Aug '61; Co. F 19<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; was four months in hospital. Discharged May '62; in consequence of disease contracted while in service.
- Jones, Arthur A.; Enlisted Aug '62, Co. C, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; taken prisoner Dec, '64; confined at Meridian and Andersonville four months; survived the Sultana disaster, and discharged May, '65.
- Kelso, Clayton; Enlisted Feb '65; 196th Reg. O.V.I.; still in service at close of war.
- Lendsay, Henry; Enlisted Oct. '61; 9<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.I.B.; participated in a number of battles, among them Battle of Mill Spring when rebel Gen. Zollifcoffer was killed; was never sick a day. Discharged July '65.
- Lendsay, Luther; Enlisted Sept. '61; Co. D 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I. Re-enlisted Dec. '63; participated in many battles; attended Gen. Sherman to his many brilliant campaigns, discharged July '65.
- Lewis, Richard. Enlisted Oct. '61, member of Field Staff as Drum Major of 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; Re-enlisted Dec. '63; slightly wounded at Atlanta July '64; soon after lost two fingers on left hand by accident; in 10 battles. Discharged July '65.
- Lewis, Walter. Enlisted Mar . '64, Co. G 60<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I., engaged in 4 battles, wounded in front of Petersburg, Jan. 30, '65, off duty for sickness 3 months; discharged Aug. '65

- Loomis, Wesley. In the first 3 months service. Enlisted Sept. '61, 9<sup>th</sup> O.I.B. Re-enlisted Feb. '64. Discharged July '65.
- Lord, Ferdinand. Enlisted Mar '64, Co. G 60<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; in 18 battles; raised the regimental flag at the taking of Petersburgh. Discharged July '65.
- Marvin, U.T., Enlisted Aug. '62, Co. C. 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I., in which company he served about one year, when he received a commission of 1<sup>st</sup> Lieutenant in the 5<sup>th</sup> Regiment United States Colored Troops, serving most of the year 1864 in Virginia where he was promoted to Captain, and engaged in a number of battles around Richmond and Petersburgh; was wounded Sept. 10, '64, while leading his company in a charge on the enemy at Chapin's Farm; was sent to North Carolina in Jun '65; still in service at end of war as Assistant Inspector General on the Staff of General Duncan, Dept. of North Carolina.
- McAdams, Lyman. Enlisted Sept. '61, 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I., enlisted as a private and was promoted in the regular order to Captain, a position which he held at the time of his discharge. Re-enlisted, with Regiment, July '65.
- Miller, Milton. Enlisted Feb. '65, 196th Reg. O.V.I., still in service at end of war.
- Morris, Thomas. Enlisted Sept. '61, in 6<sup>th</sup> O.V.C. and discharged from the same in July '62. Never did any real service during this period. Re-enlisted Nov. '62 in 10<sup>th</sup> Calvary, in a number of battles. Discharged July 8 '65.
- Nichols, George. Enlisted Mar 2, '64, in 41<sup>st</sup> Reg. O.V.I. In consequence some informality in the mustering papers, he drew no pay, and therefore left the regiment after about six months service.
- Nicholas, Albert, enlisted summer of '61 in 7<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; served 3 years and was honorably discharged.

Nickerson, Henry. Enlisted Aug. '62 in Co C, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I. Prisoner 4 months at Meridian and Andersonville; survived the Sultana disaster. Discharged May '65.

Nickerson, Theodore. Enlisted Apr 7 '65; discharged May 8 '65.

Parks, Ransom; Enlisted Aug '62, 11<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I. Died Oct '62. 2 months service.

Peale, William. Enlisted Oct '61, 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I. discharged for physical disability July '62. Re-enlisted Mar '64, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I. Still in service at end of war.

Peck, Andrew. Enlisted winter of '62-'63, 10<sup>th</sup> O.V.C, and was taken sick and procured a substitute. He is still in service at the end of the war in Missouri.

Peck, Frank. Enlisted in fall of '62 in 9<sup>th</sup> O.I.B; the next winter left the Battery without leave, and here we leave him.

**Peebles**, **Edward**. Enlisted fall of '61, 9<sup>th</sup> O.I.B. **Died** in Tullahome of smallpox in winter of '63-'64.

Pendelton, Eurgene. Enlisted Mar 1st, '64, 9th O.I.B. Discharged July '65.

**Post, Jessie D**. Enlisted Aug. '62 Battery D, 1st O.L.A., engaged in 2 battles; taken prisoner while out of a foraging expedition near Knoxville. In Dec. '63; confined at Belle Isle 6 months, then taken to Andersonville, where he **died** after 3 months suffering from starvation.

Post, Levi D. Enlisted Aug. '62, Battery D, 1st O.I.A.; more than one-half of his period of service he was unfit for duty. Discharged June 2, '65.

Ray, George. Enlisted Mar., '65, still in service at end of war.

Reeves, Albert. Enlisted Sept. '61, 9<sup>th</sup> O.I.B.; Re-enlisted Dec. '63 and while home on veteran furlough, enlisted for life in the State of Matrimony. Discharged July '65.

- Root, Frank M.; Enlisted Feb. '64, Bat. D, 1st O.L.A. Engaged in 7 battles, with Gen. Sherman in his Georgia campaign. Discharged Jul. '65.
- Scanlin, John. Enlisted Aug. '62 O.V.C. about 1 year after was transferred to the 25<sup>th</sup> O Bat; in the summer of '64 re-enlisted and is still in service at the end of the war.
- Scanlin, Robert. Enlisted summer of '64, in 25<sup>th</sup> O. Bat; still in service at end of war.
- Sears, Edgar. Enlisted Nov. '64, in in 30<sup>th</sup> N.Y.I. Bat.; still in service at end of war.
- Sears, Robert. Enlisted Aug. '62, Co. C, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I. Discharged Mar '63; unfit for duty most of the time.
- Season, Edwin. Enlisted Apr and discharged May 8 '65. Served 20 months in the early part of the war, in the 1st Minnesota Reg., was engaged in 10 battles, among them the first battle of Bull Run.
- Shamway, Dwight. Enlisted Sept. '61, 19t Reg. O.V.I.; was wounded in the right hand at the battle of Pittsburg Landing; re-enlisted Feb. '64; engaged in a number of battles; received severe wound in right arm at battle of Kenesaw Mountain June '64, from the effects of which he was still suffering in the hospital at the end of the war.
- Smith, Chauncey F. Enlisted June'61; 7<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; taken by the rebels at Cross Lanes, escaped from them the same night. Discharged Feb. '63. Re-enlisted Sept. '64, 177<sup>th</sup> Reg.O.V.I.; in one battle; discharged May '65.
- **Smith**, **Edwin S.** Was in the 85<sup>th</sup>, 3 months 'Reg.; summer of '62; 9 days after the Reg. was discharged. **Died** from disease contracted while in the service.
- Smith, Henry. Enlisted June '62, 9<sup>th</sup> O.I.B. Discharged June '65.
- Smith, William R. enlisted summer of '62 in 85<sup>th</sup> 3 months' Reg.; served till the Reg. was dismissed; reenlisted Sept. '63 in 12<sup>th</sup> O.V.C. Still in service at end of war.

- Snady, Martin. Enlisted fall of '62. Bat. D 1st O.L.A.; Re-enlisted Jan '64. Discharged, July '65.
- **Southmayd**, **Horace**. Enlisted Oct. '61, Co. F, 421 Reg. O.V.I.; spent the winter of '61-'62 in region of the Big Sandy River; participated in the battle of Middle Creek when Col. Garfield's forces drove Humphrey Marshall's and caused daylight first to shine into Kentucky; received wound in the hip in that engagement; was taken sick and thrown into the hospital at Ashland in April '62. From thence he was brought home by his friends where after six weeks' suffering, he **died** from typhoid pneumonia and chronic diarrhea.
- **Stamlish, Alanson.** Enlisted fall of '62, 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; after about one year's service, discharged for physical disability. Afterward he re-enlisted from another locality and was reported to have been **killed.**
- **Stark, Charles H.** Enlisted Feb. '65, 196<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I. **Died** near Harper's Ferry, July '65 after 4 days' illness; was probably the youngest soldier from the township, being only 15 when he enlisted.
- Stark, L.B. In the first 3 months service. Enlisted Oct. '61 Co. D, 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; engaged in over 20 battles; slightly wounded once; never in hospital. Discharged Oct. '64.
- Steel, St. Clair. Enlisted Sept. '61, Bat. D, 1st O.L.A.; once a prisoner. Served 3 years and honorably discharged.
- Steel, Thomas. Enlisted Sept. '63 in 12<sup>th</sup> O.V.C.; for a time was in pursuit of the head of the "Southern Confederacy," after its collapse, but finally turned his attention to a more tangible object and was taken prisoner while endeavoring to relieve our prisoners at Salisbury, North Carolina. Discharged June, '65.

- Stewart, Henry F. Enlisted Aug. '62, Bat D, 1st O.L.A.; engaged in a number of battles. Discharged June '65.
- Stratton, Newel. Enlisted Mar. '64, in 24 OV.C.; was with Gen. Wilson in his raid near Richmond, and on that expedition had his horse shot from under him, and in the fall was injured so that he had been listed as unfit for duty; then detailed to cook at hospital.
- Sweeney, J.S. Enlisted Dec., '61, Hoffman's Battalion, Co. A. Discharged July '62; unfit for duty most of the time.
- Talcott, Charles. Enlisted Sept. '61, Co. D, 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; participated in many battles; re-enlisted Dec. '63; he also attended Gen. Sherman through all his brilliant campaigns. Discharged July '65.
- Talcott, Lorenzo. Enlisted Apr. '75, 198th Reg. O.V.I. Discharged May '65.
- Thomas, Adelbert. Enlisted Feb. '65, 188th Reg. O.V.I.; still in service at the end of war.
- Thompson, Edward. Enlisted in the summer of '61, 7<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; wounded in his leg at the battle of Winchester, which rendered him unfit for duty for nearly a year. Discharge in the fall of '62. Afterward went into service from Cuyahoga Falls.
- Tothaker, James. Enlisted in the fall of '62; in service 1 year, and honorably discharged.
- Turner, George S Enlisted Aug. '64 177<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; in 1 battle. Discharged July '65.
- Turner, James. Enlisted Dec., '63, 128<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; stationed at Johnson's Island, doing guard duty. Discharged July, '65.
- **Victor, Henry**. Enlisted in the fall of '61, Co. D, 1st O.L.A.; taken prisoner while on a foraging expedition with Jesse Post, in Dec. '63. **Died**, at Andersonville, Sept. 4, '64.
- Wallace, Joseph. Enlisted Aug., '64, 177th Reg. O.V.I. Discharged July, '65.

- Wetmore, Alson. Enlisted Oct., '63, Co. O, 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; taken prisoner Dec., '64; 4 months in Meridian and Andersonville; on board the Sultans at time on board the sultana at time of its explosion. Discharged May '65.
- **Wetmore, Charles H.** Enlisted Aug., '62, Co. C, 115rh Reg. O.V.I.; taken prisoner Dec., '64; confined 4 months at Meridian and Andersonville; **died**, April 27, '65, he being one of the victims of the Sultana disaster.
- Wetmore, Willard. In the 100 days of service, summer of '64.
- Wilcox, Clarence. Served his time in 81st, 3 months, Reg., summer of '62.
- **Wilcox, Lemuel**. Enlisted Aug., '62, Co. C., 115<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; taken prisoner Dec. '64; confined at Meridian and Andersonville 4 months, when for want of proper food, we contracted a disease from which he never recovered. His father and mother went to a Missouri hospital for him, in June '65, and succeeded in getting him home. He survived but 8 days, **died**
- Williamson, Julius O. Enlisted April, '65, and discharged May, '65.
- Woodbridge, John. In 100 days of service in the summer of '64.
- **Woodbridge**, **Samuel**. Enlisted Sept., '61, Co. D, 29<sup>th</sup> Reg. O.V.I.; taken prisoner at Port Republic, and confined at Lynchburg and Belle Isle 3 months; re-enlisted Dec., '63; participated in 5 battles; the last of which was Buzzard's Roost. He **lost his life** by a rifle ball passing directly through his head, May 8, '65, he being the only one from our Township that has laid down his life on the field of battle, of which we have any reliable information.
- **Wright, Warren**. Enlisted Aug., '64, 27<sup>th</sup> U.S. Colored Troops; **died** of rheumatic fever, near Newbern, N.C. July 7, '65.

## Roll Call of Deaths during Civil War from Stow Township Enlistees

Benjamin Boon

Samuel Bradley

Norman Darrow

Robert Gaylord

Samuel Gaylord

Ransom Parks

Edward Peebles

Jessie D. Post

Edwin S. Smith

Horace Southmayd

Alanson Stamlish

Charles H. Stark

Henry Victor

Charles Wetmore

Lemuel Wilcox

Samuel Woodbridge

Warren Wright

Substitutes: Soldiers could find substitutes to serve in their place; or pay the government for the services they would have provided during the war. Reasons included health, business, family issues.

#### SECURED SUBSTITUTES FOR THEMSELVES:

Hiram Gaylord for 3 years
Hobert Wolcott for one year
Henry Southmayd for 2 years
Marcus Darrow for 3 years
Henry O'Brien for 3 years
William McGrew for 1 year
George S. Richardson Jr. for 3 years
Alexander Gettys
John Buchanan
George W. Hart
Lyman Gilbert

Charles Southmayd Paid \$300 commutation Elias Shiek Paid \$300 commutation